

# **SECURING A WEAPON PRIOR TO TRANSPORT**

## I. PURPOSE

- 1. To define the process for securing a weapon by licensed EMS personnel within Region 11.
- 2. To safely assess and provide medical care for individuals carrying a weapon or firearm.

#### **II. DEFINITIONS**

- A. <u>Weapon</u>: A firearm or other object that is designed or used for inflicting bodily harm or physical damage.
- B. <u>Firearm Concealed Carry Act</u>: An Illinois law that allows individuals with a license to legally carry a firearm except in defined prohibited areas.

#### **III. EMS RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### A. Safety

- 1. If there is any concern of scene safety, EMS personnel should retreat to a safe zone and call for law enforcement.
- 2. EMS personnel should not attempt to unload or render the firearm safe; this is the responsibility of law enforcement.

#### **B. Securing the Firearm**

- 1. Prior to transport, the individual should leave the firearm or weapon appropriately secured at home.
- 2. If this is not possible, law enforcement should be contacted to secure the firearm or weapon prior to transport.
- 3. If law enforcement is not immediately available, the firearm or weapon should ideally be secured in a locked location in the ambulance prior to transport.

#### C. Hospital Communication

- 1. During the pre-notification call to the receiving hospital, the paramedic should state "I have a firearm (or weapon) secured on board" and ask to notify hospital security or the public safety team prior to arrival.
- 2. Upon arrival in the Emergency Department and after patient care is transferred, the weapon should be transferred to hospital security or the public safety team.



## REGION 11 CHICAGO EMS SYSTEM POLICY

3. Under the Illinois Firearm Concealed Carry Act, a licensee may not knowingly carry a firearm into prohibited areas which include a public or private hospital or hospital affiliate, mental health facility, or nursing home.

## **IV. LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS**

- A. If assisting EMS with patient care in an ambulance, a law enforcement officer should maintain custody of their firearm.
- B. If a law enforcement officer is the patient in an ambulance, another officer shall take custody of their firearm.