Patients with Chronic Renal Failure and Receiving Hemodialysis or Peritoneal Dialysis

Obtain history including:
- Type of dialysis: hemodialysis or peritoneal?
- When last dialyzed?
- Was dialysis complete?
- Access type of hemodialysis vascular access: catheter or fistula?

Establish vascular access
Monitor

Adult patients with QRS wider than 0.12 seconds, administer
Calcium Chloride 1 amp IVP

Adult patients in cardiac arrest, administer
Calcium Chloride 1 amp IVP
Sodium Bicarbonate 1 amp IVP

See appropriate SMO

Transport and contact Medical Control as appropriate

1. Vascular access should not be attempted in same extremity having a functioning fistula. Fluids should be administered cautiously. If vascular access is needed emergently and a peripheral IV cannot be obtained, a functioning dialysis catheter can be used when in place by attaching IV tubing to the port.