TOURNIQUET APPLICATION

INDICATIONS

Life threatening extremity hemorrhage that cannot be controlled by other means.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Non-extremity hemorrhage.
- Proximal extremity location where tourniquet application is not practical.

<u>EQUIPMENT</u>

System approved tourniquet

PROCEDURE

- 1. Visually inspect injured extremity and avoid placement of tourniquet over joint, angulated or open fracture, stab or gunshot wound sites.
- 2. Consider pain management as application of a tourniquet is likely to be painful.
- 3. Apply the tourniquet directly to skin, proximal to the wound, 2-3 inches above the wound or as high as you can go above the wound.
- 4. Secure tourniquet:
 - Pull the free running end of the self-adhering band <u>tight</u> and securely fasten the band back on itself (if applying to an arm wound). Do not adhere the band past the windlass rod.
 - If applying to a leg wound, the self adhering band must be routed through the friction adapter buckle and fastened back on itself. This will prevent it from loosening when twisting the windlass rod.
- 5. Twist the windlass rod until bright red bleeding has stopped and the distal pulse is eliminated.
- 6. Place the windlass rod inside the clip locking it in place. <u>Check for bleeding and distal pulse.</u> If bleeding is not controlled consider additional tightening or applying a second tourniquet side by side to the first tourniquet and reassess.
- 7. Secure the rod inside the clip with the strap.
- 8. Record time of tourniquet application.
- 9. Cover wound with appropriate sterile dressing and/or bandage. **Do not cover tourniquet the device must remain visible.**
- 10. Reassess and document absence of bleeding distal to tourniquet.
- 11. Remove any improvised tourniquets that might have been previously applied.
- 12. Prepare patient for transport and reassess effectiveness of the tourniquet every 10 minutes.



MANDATORY DOCUMENTATION

- Location of injury and mechanism involved.
- Methods attempted to control bleeding and the time direct pressure was applied.
- Location of application of tourniquet
- Time of application of tourniquet
- Reassessment of tourniquet and its effectiveness
- Person at receiving hospital to whom use and location of the tourniquet is reported to

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