Scene Safety & Universal Precautions (BSI)

Assess level of consciousness (PGCS)

Secure and maintain airway
C-spine stabilization as appropriate

Administer oxygen per appropriate method
to maintain oxygen saturation ≥ 94%

For patients with respiratory distress, shock, smoke inhalation, carbon monoxide poisoning, or cardiac arrest, administer high flow oxygen 15 L by most appropriate method
(See Appendix for approved oxygen delivery methods)

Assess and control bleeding

Obtain vital signs

AED, cardiac monitor, pulse oximetry and capnography
as appropriate per SMO

Maintain systolic BP (2 $ \times $ age in years + 80) with NS as indicated

Assess for hypoperfusion

Prevent heat loss/decreased body temperature

Assess for pain using pain scale

Obtain history

See appropriate SMO

Initiate patient care per Initiation of Patient Care policy

Apply Trauma Field Triage Criteria decision scheme to determine appropriate transport destination (see Trauma Transport Policy)

Reference Broselow Tape

Transport and contact Medical Control as appropriate